

MASONIC RELICS OF VALUE FOUND IN CORNER STONE

Records of the Long Ago Dug Up by Workmen.

UNEARTHED IN DEBRIS

List of Officers of Sublime Grand Lodge Recovered.

Interesting Development Connected with the Demolition of the Old Scottish Rite Cathedral at 1007 G Street Northwest, Yesterday Afternoon—Contents of Box Removed to New Headquarters.

Saved in the nick of time from an ignominious burial beneath a heap of fallen walls at the hands of workmen who were unaware of its value, the corner stone of the old Scottish Rite Cathedral, containing crumbling records of great historical interest to Masons, dating as far back as 1802 and inclosing the names of the founders of the charter chapter, was dug out from under a layer of debris late yesterday afternoon and restored to the safe-keeping of its rightful owners.

When opened, the copper box, imbedded in the corner stone, was found to contain, among other historical curios, the list of officers of the Sublime Grand Lodge of Perfection of South Carolina, established in Charleston in 1783. These names were contained in the annual register of the Scottish Rite of South Carolina for 1802, the only one in existence. The officers of the Grand Council of Princes of Jerusalem, of the Sovereign Chapter of Rose Croix de Heroden, officers and members of the 'Grand Consistory, and the grand inspectors-general of the thirty-three degrees are also included.

INCLOSED IN THE BOX. Other papers of later date, including newspaper clippings of the laying of the corner stone, were also inclosed in the box, which is now being guarded at the Scottish Rite Cathedral at Third and E streets northwest.

Since February 13, workmen have been tearing down the old Scottish Rite Cathedral, erected in 1838, at 1007 G street northwest, to make way for the new addition to the Palais Royal, and for several days a keen lookout for the corner stone had been made by the foremen. It was not until yesterday afternoon, owing to the peculiar construction of the adjoining buildings, that the workmen got to that portion of the building where the corner stone was supposed to be.

P. F. Gormley, of the Gormley & Poynton Company, who was supervising the raising of the building, shortly before 6 o'clock noticed several laborers about to tear down that particular portion of the wall. Seizing a pick, Mr. Gormley gave orders that the work of destruction be stopped. He dug away energetically until

Continued on Page 3, Column 5.

CUNARD LINERS MAY ABANDON NEW YORK

Refusal of War Department to Permit Pier Extension Leads to New Plans.

New York, March 1.—G. F. Sumner, general manager in America for the Cunard Steamship Line, to-day declared that as a result of the government's refusal to permit the extension of the piers in the Hudson River, the Cunard and White Star lines will have to abandon New York as a port of entry for the big liners now under construction.

"If there is no appeal from this decision," said Mr. Sumner, "the only alternative for both the Cunard and White Star lines is to leave New York. Since it became known that there was opposition to our application we have had several offers.

"Boston will do anything we ask to get us to come there. There are railroad interests which are desirous that Montauk Point be selected, but I believe that New London, Conn., offers the best harbor. The railroad facilities there are first class, and it is near both Boston and New York.

"We do not want to leave New York, but if we are to be driven out we will find welcome in other ports. We are only asking the right to extend our piers 100 feet farther than they are at present. Unless this extension is made it will be physically impossible for us to dock our big boats. With ice in the river and a north wind blowing, these big boats would be in danger at the present docks.

WELL CHOSEN WORDS

Few but Trenchant from Boss of Tammany Hall.

New York, May 1.—Martin W. Littleton sat in his office on the fourteenth floor of 2 Rector street to-day reading the reply to a letter that he had written last week about the New York Senatorship. The letter was from Charles F. Murphy—who, on other occasions, has played golf with Mr. Littleton.

This letter held Littleton's eye exclusively. It was a pointed epistle. Murphy, who had been so fluent and lengthy when he attacked Edward M. Shepard for Senatorial aspirations, evidently had lost his ready letter-writer.

In the middle of a single sheet there was this single line: "I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st."

—CHARLES F. MURPHY.

POPE CONFERS HIGH HONOR ON FATHER RUSSELL

Elevates Him to the Dignity of a Monsignor.

CARDINAL SENDS WORD

St. Patrick's Pastor a Prelate of Pope's Household.

Elevated to the high ecclesiastical dignity of monsignor of the Roman Catholic Church by his holiness the Pope, Rev. Dr. William T. Russell, for the last three years pastor of St. Patrick's Church of Washington, has received a place in the company of the three other churchmen of the District who bear that title.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Father Russell received a telegram from Cardinal Gibbons, who is in New Orleans, notifying him of the great honor conferred upon him by Pope Pius. The document which confers the title is known as a papal brief, and was received only yesterday by the cardinal.

A DOMESTIC PRELATE.

Father Russell, by virtue of the title of monsignor, becomes a domestic prelate of the Pope's household, having certain privileges at the Vatican denied to other churchmen. He will have no additional power in this country, except in cases of great Catholic gatherings, where the title of monsignor will give him ceremonial precedence. Father Russell is now the youngest monsignor in the Diocese of Baltimore, and the first rector of St. Patrick's who has ever borne that title.

The honor did not come altogether unexpectedly, for there have been rumors extant for some time to the effect that the Pope contemplated making Father Russell a monsignor.

Reasons for the granting of the title are contained in the papal brief, which is in the possession of Cardinal Gibbons, and which he will bring to Washington in about two weeks, on his return from New Orleans, where he is visiting his brother, J. T. Gibbons.

The date of the ceremony of the in-

Continued on Page 5, Column 6.

ENDURANCE TEST BY PROGRESSIVES RETARDS SENATE

Tariff Commission Debate on Until Morning.

ADJOURN AT 1:35 A. M.

Agricultural Appropriation Bill Only One Passed.

Senators Heyburn and Stone, by Po- litic Filibuster Against Permanent Commission Measure, Manage to Consume Four and One-half Hours in Discussing Agricultural Bill. Bill Turned Over to Beveridge.

The United States Senate was the victim of another filibuster last night which threatened for a time to extend the session again through to daylight.

At 1:35 this morning, by a vote of 26 to 24, adjournment was taken until 11 o'clock this morning.

An innocent-looking evening session, called for the purpose of putting through appropriation bills, developed discussion of the tariff commission bill. The progressives have taken charge of that measure, and have decided to force a vote upon it by endurance tests, if necessary.

There were successive calls for quorums in the after-midnight hours. Several Senators were routed from their beds to answer to roll calls.

DELAY VOTE ON TARIFF BOARD.

When the Senate progressives consented to a vote on the Lorimer case, they forced the laying of the tariff commission bill before the Senate as the unfinished business, and obtained a gentleman's agreement that there would be no filibuster against the vote on this measure. Developments yesterday showed that the gentleman's agreement was not an all-embracing affair. It did not include Senators Heyburn and Hale on the Republican side and Senator Stone and some of his supporters on the Democratic side. All of these are bitter opponents of the tariff commission idea, and they will do everything possible to accomplish its defeat.

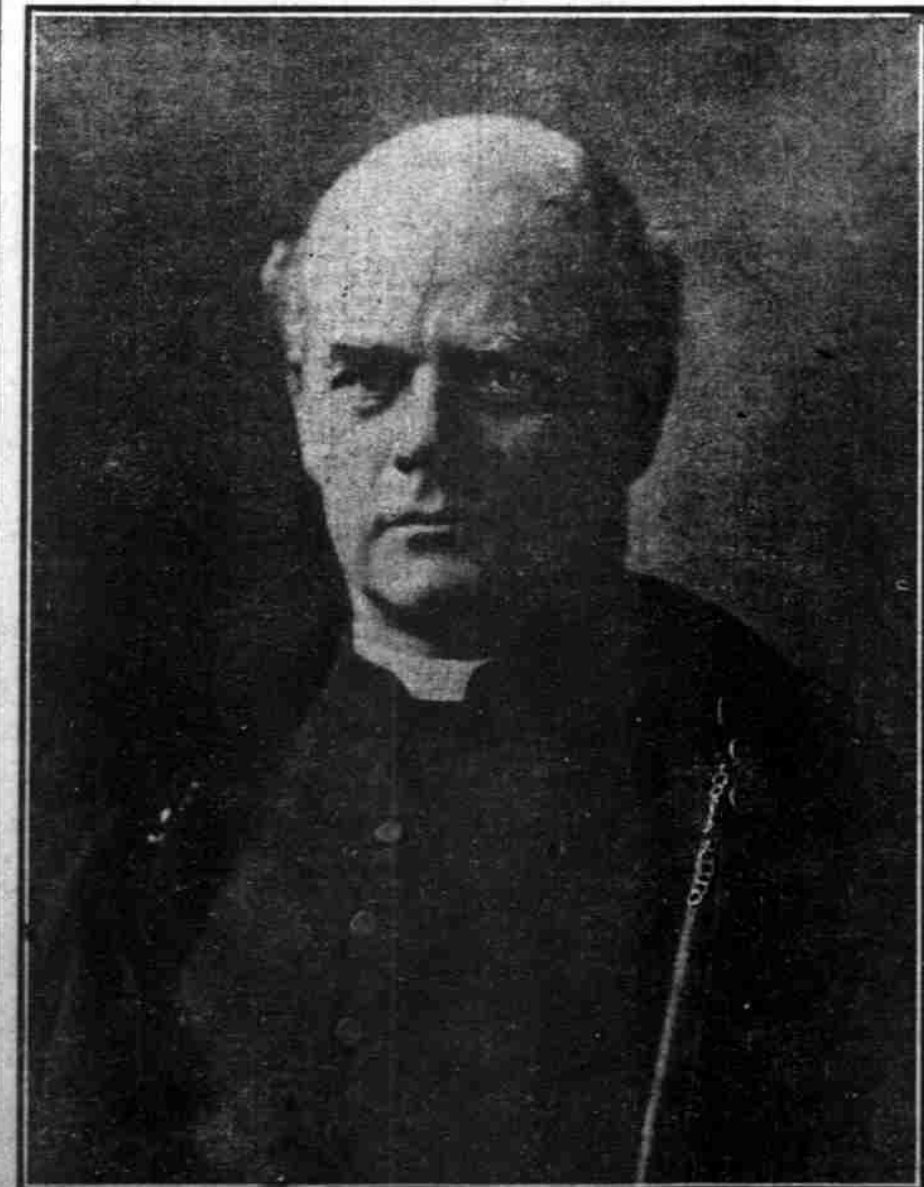
Both Senators Heyburn and Stone, in the course of the day's proceedings, gave ample evidence of their intention to delay a vote upon the tariff commission measure by indulging in a polite form of filibuster.

Senator Heyburn used every occasion in the course of the day to discuss projects in the agricultural appropriation bill, which was before the Senate, and he was frequently aided and abetted by Senator Stone and one or two other Democrats.

The result of the dilatory tactics was that the Senate disposed of only one of the eleven appropriation bills confronting it. It had been Senator Hale's an-

Continued on Page 4, Column 6.

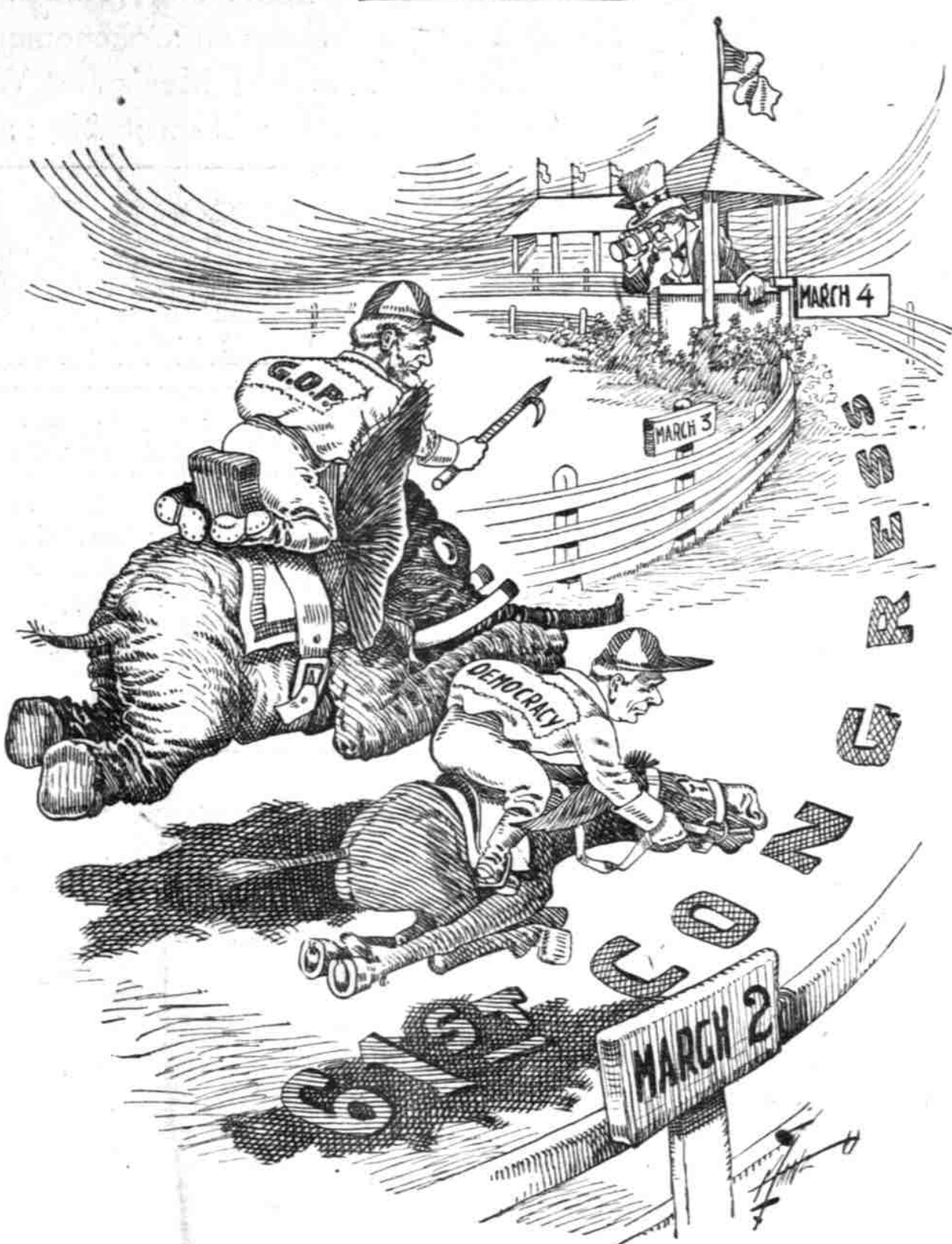
MADE A MONSIGNOR BY POPE.



REV. DR. WILLIAM T. RUSSELL, Pastor of St. Patrick's Church, who received word from Cardinal Gibbons yesterday of his elevation to the priesthood.

Blackstone's Floral Masterpieces. Choice flowers used. 14th and H sts. N.W. Tel. 2-11. Richard Carle, "Jumping Jupiter." To-day, 2:15, Columbia Theatre. 3c to 11c.

DOWN THE HOME STRETCH.



GOES TO PORTUGAL.

Representative Boutell Lands a Diplomatic Post.

Henry S. Boutell, of Chicago, now a member of the House of Representatives from the Ninth district of Illinois, has been appointed Minister to Portugal. Mr. Boutell was defeated last November when he ran for re-election to the House. He will succeed Henry T. Gage, of Los Angeles, Cal., who has resigned from the diplomatic service for business reasons.

MINOS FINDS MATERIAL.

New French Premier Has Solved Greatest Difficulty.

Paris, March 1.—M. Minos has solved the greatest difficulty he was meeting in forming his cabinet. After MM. Ribot, Poincaré, and Selves had refused to accept the post of minister of foreign affairs, and after dismissing the idea he had briefly entertained of asking either M. Constans or M. Cambon, the well-known diplomats, to accept the position, he offered it to M. Cruppi, the eminent advocate, who accepted it.

M. Cruppi's previous experience ministerially was connected with the portfolios of agriculture and commerce. Hence, it is assumed, that M. Delcasse will direct foreign affairs, although nominally he holds the navy portfolio.

VOTE IN LORIMER CASE.

These are the Senators who voted against the resolution and in support of Lorimer:

Bradley, Brandegee, Briggs, Bulkeley, Burnham, Burrows, Carter, Clark (Wyo.), Crane, Cullom, Curtis, Depew, Dick, Dillingham, Du Pont, Flint, Frye, Gallinger, Gamble, Guggenheim, Hale, Heyburn, Kean, McCumber, Nixon, Oliver, Penrose, Perkins, Piles, Richardson, Scott, Smoot, Stephenson, Warren, and Wetmore, Republicans; Bailey, Bankhead, Fletcher, Foster, Johnston, Paynter, Simmons, Smith (Md.), Thornton, Tillman, and Watson, Democrats—total, 46.

Here are the Senators who voted in favor of the resolution to unseat Lorimer:

Beveridge, Borah, Bourne, Bristow, Brown, Burkett, Burton, Clapp, Crawford, Cummins, Dixon, Gronna, Jones, La Follette, Lodge, Nelson, Page, Root, Smith (Mich.), Sutherland, Warner, and Young, Republicans; Bacon, Chamberlain, Clark (Ark.), Culbertson, Davis, Gore, Martin, Money, Newlands, Overman, Owen, Percy, Rayner, Shively, Smith (S. C.), Stone, Swanson, and Taylor, Democrats—total, 40.

LEADS HIS NINTH BRIDE TO ALTAR

Negro Waiter (Puts) Society Achievements in Shade.

Providence, March 1.—Alvarado Henry Huntington, fifty-six, was married to-night for the ninth time at his home, 18 Hilton street. The venturesome bride was Miss Mary E. Thompson, thirty-six.

Huntington, who is colored and a waiter in the Bevere Hotel, holds the Eastern record, nothing having been found in society annals that can touch him.

Seven wives have died and the eighth was divorced. His voice was firm when the knot was tied to-night by Rev. S. W. Smith, pastor of the Condon Street Baptist Church.

Huntington was married four times in New York, four times in this city, including to-night, and once in Connecticut. It was the Nutmeg State union that ended in the divorce court.

CALLS FOR CHEERS AFTER CRITICISM

Professor Assails Kaiser in Proposing Toast.

London, March 2.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News reports a remarkable incident at the festival at the University of Wurtzburg in honor of the coming nineteenth birthday of the Prince Regent of Bavaria.

Prof. Regel was appointed to call for the customary cheers for the Kaiser, and the crowded assembly of titled personages, military officers, clergymen, professors, and students awaited the eulogy of his majesty, when to everybody's amazement Prof. Regel launched into a sharp criticism of the Emperor, ending by saying: "It is a disgraceful necessity to have to propose cheers for a person whose character gives so much room for adverse criticism."

Prof. Regel was repeatedly interrupted by exclamations of surprise and indignation. The self-restraint of the military officers alone prevented a furious disturbance.

LORIMER RETAINS SEAT BY MARGIN OF ONLY 6 VOTES

Colleagues Sustain Him by Forty-six to Forty.

CULLOM GIVES HIM AID

Many Doubtful Ones Follow Lead of the Veteran.

Dramatic Scene in Senate When Roll Call Is Being Taken—Beveridge Resolution Finds 35 Republicans and 11 Democrats for Chicago Man, While 22 Republicans and 18 Democrats Are Opposed.

The Senate, by a vote of 46 to 40, refused yesterday to unseat William Lorimer, of Illinois. This brings to a close, at least so far as the present Congress is concerned, a fight that has been waged for almost a year against the Illinois Senator on the charge that his election to the Senate was accomplished by bribery.

Lorimer's opponents apparently do not intend to end their fight against him with yesterday's action by the Senate. Some of them have been hinting that new testimony will be produced in the next session of Congress, and an attempt will be made to reopen the case upon this. It will be practically impossible, however, to put Lorimer on trial again before the Senate unless strong new evidence is produced.

MAY FORCE PROBE.

It is likely also that an attempt will be made to force an investigation by the legislature of Illinois in the expectation that this will develop further details in regard to the Lorimer election.

The vote in the Senate yesterday was closer than had been anticipated. The Lorimer supporters had contended that they would carry the day by a vote of at least 58. They were fearful early on the roll call, as some of their supposed supporters slipped away, but their calculations had gone to smash, and about the end the swing was toward Lorimer.

The calling of the roll was one of the most impressive scenes witnessed in the Senate in years. Every Senator was in his seat. The floor space at the rear of the chamber was crowded with members from the House, and the galleries were packed, while long lines of would-be spectators clamored in the corridors for admission.

The accused Senator himself was on the floor, somewhat pale, but as imperturbable as ever, until a few moments before the roll call began. All eyes in the gal-

Continued on Page 11, Column 4.

ROBIN ABANDONS INSANITY DEFENSE

Jerome Retires from Case and Wrecker Makes Plea.

New York, March 1.—The rumor that Joseph G. Robin had decided to abandon his defense of insanity on his trial before Supreme Court Justice Seabury for stealing \$27,000 from the Washington Savings Bank, and enter a plea of guilty, was verified to-day when his counsel, W. T. Jerome, withdrew from the case when court opened and Robin stood before the bar, and in a perfectly sane manner admitted that he was guilty.

In retiring from the case, Mr. Jerome still insisted that he believed that Robin is insane, and that the thirteen alienists, who have declared him incapable of understanding the proceedings were honestly of that opinion, but that by his plea Robin admitted that he had deceived all the alienists and Mr. Jerome as well.

Sentence upon Robin was postponed until March 27 upon the request of District Attorney Whitman, who stated that he had always believed Robin to be sane, and that Robin had agreed to give valuable information concerning other cases under investigation by the district attorney's office, and concerning persons not yet under indictment. Statements were taken to mean that Robin may tell of certain financial operations that preceded the closing of the Carnegie Trust Company.

AERO ALARMS MEXICANS.

Laredo, Tex., March 1.—Lieut. Foulis, in the army biplane, made four ascensions from Fort McIntosh to-day and patrolled the Rio Grande for fifteen miles, with no important results.

Aviator Parmelee was greatly pleased by the experiment, and believes aeroplanes will prove indispensable factors in all future wars. Native Mexicans who had not heard of the coming of the biplane were badly frightened and ran pell mell in all directions.

Southern Commercial Congress. On March 5, 6, 7, Southern Railway will sell round trip tickets to Ga., fare 25c. Fare open to the public.